Recruitment, training, and field supervision

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Objectives

To provide an overview of the:

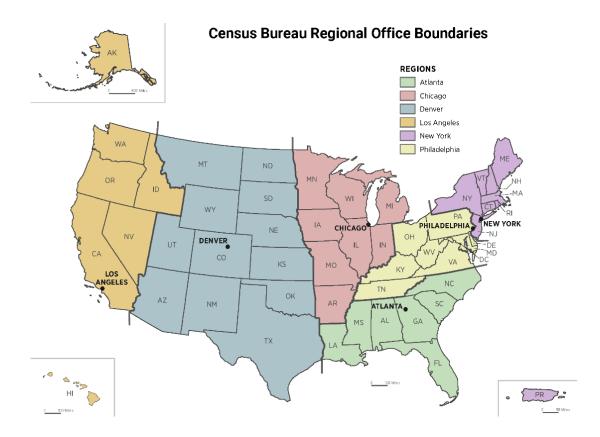
- Field Structure
- Recruitment and Qualification Process
- Training of Field Staff and Role of CAPI Field Representative (FR)
- Field Supervision





Our Structure

- Headquarters oversee the Regional Offices
- 6 Regional Offices across the country
 - New York, NY
 - Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
 - Chicago, Illinois
 - Atlanta, Georgia,
 - Denver Colorado
 - Los Angeles, California







Our Structure

- National Processing Center
 - Jeffersonville, Indiana
- Contact Centers Responsible for telephone interviewing
 - Jeffersonville, Indiana
 - Hagerstown, Maryland
 - Tucson, Arizona







Our Structure

External Sponsors – Request data collections

- Bureau of Labor Statistics
- Department of Justice
- US Department of Agricultural

Internal Sponsors – Request data collections

• US Census Bureau











Regional Office Structure

- Regional Directors (1)
- Assistant Regional Directors (2)
- Coordinators (4)
- Survey Supervisor Office (SSOs)
- Survey Supervisory Field (SSFs-8)
- Admin Specialist (1)
- Recruiter (1-2)
- Clerks
- Field Supervisors(FSs)/Field Leads (FLs)
- Field Representatives (FRs)

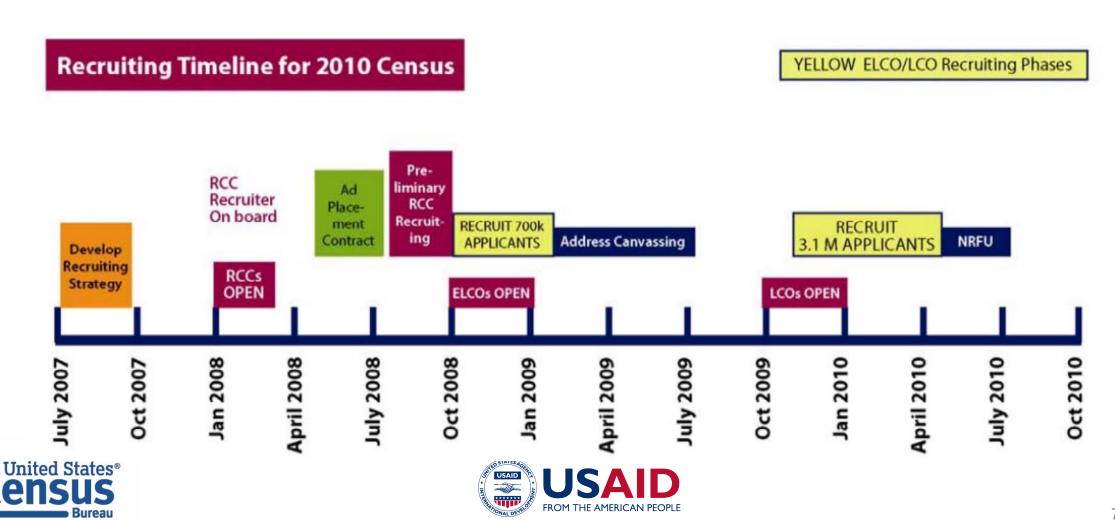
Regions are broken down into 8 Survey Supervisor Field Areas (SSFAs)

> Each SSFA is broken down into Field Supervisor Areas (FSAs) - varies based on region



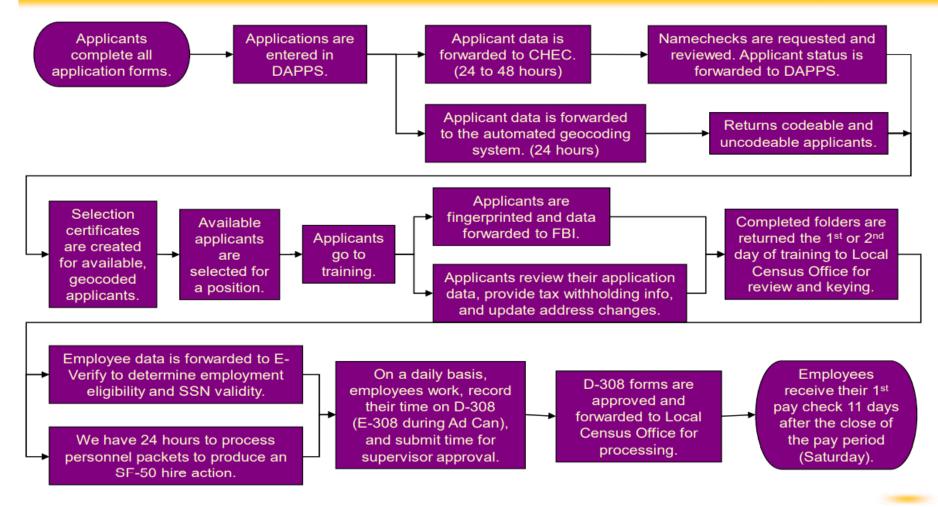


2010 US Census Recruiting Timeline



DAPPS

Applicant to Employee Lifecycle







Who Do We Recruit

- Field Representatives(FRs)/Interviewer The staff who go door to door or make phone calls to collect the data. Temporary or Permanent
- Field Supervisors(FSs) The staff who supervise the field data collections and assist with training of the FRs. Temporary or Permanent
- Clerks The staff who manage communications between the field staff and the office. They also manage material distribution to the field staff. Temporary or Permanent





Recruitment: Ad for Field Representative

DUTIES: Interviews respondents to collect survey or census data as required for current, on-going surveys, one-time surveys, and special censuses. The incumbent is responsible for communicating with respondents, supervisors, and other persons as appropriate. Reads survey materials and conducts door-to-door surveys. Explains the purpose of the survey, asks questions as worded on the questionnaire or survey instrument, and enters accurate and complete information into a laptop computer or onto survey forms. The incumbent may occasionally be required to lift boxes of survey materials or laptops weighing up to 50 pounds. Maintains personal payroll records that reflect hours worked, miles driven, and reimbursements for travel and communications claimed.





Recruitment: Ad for Field Supervisor

The Field Supervisor (FS) serves as the first level supervisor for a group of approximately 6 to 15 Field Representatives and is responsible for data collection in a geography that may include some hard to count areas. The FS is responsible for ensuring the group's performance meets the standards and expectations set forth by the bureau and survey sponsors. The FS has knowledge of surveys conducted in the area of supervision. The FS understands parameters, procedures, question order and meaning, and typical response patterns of the surveys. Survey knowledge allows the FS to explain the reasons for differences in survey procedures and how those differences affect the interviewing experience. The FS is familiar with most problems encountered by subordinates while interviewing and is able to provide detailed guidance to subordinates on how to resolve issues. When problems occur, the FS applies general guidance, previous training, past experiences, or utilizes survey resource materials to derive appropriate solution. The FS seeks guidance from the supervisor on complex or unusual problems.

As a first level supervisor, the FS is responsible for evaluating and reviewing assignments of subordinates. The FS monitors staff performance that includes on the job observations, monitoring of various performance metrics. The FS may assist with training of employees. The FS reviews and approves payroll and leave submissions for their staff. The FS may assist with the recruiting of Field Representatives.





- Adopting new technologies often requires a new set of skills, which the existing staff may not have.
- Extensive training for existing staff may be needed or new staff may have to be hired.





Enumerators

Additional training will be needed to familiarize them with the technical aspects of the data collection process, such as how to:

- operate a tablet PC
- transmit data
- navigate through the application.





Field supervisors

- May have fewer quality check responsibilities, since completeness and consistency checks may be done by the data collection software.
- May have increased technical responsibilities, such as:
 - troubleshooting hardware/software problems and data transmission tasks
 - conduct field case management and reporting using a computerized system.





 Help desks at headquarters and field technical support staff may be needed to handle technical queries and troubleshoot problems during data collection.

 Existing programmers may not have the skills to program the questionnaire application and set up extensive data systems, requiring further training or hiring new staff.





Where Do We Recruit?

- On Census.gov/Regional Offices
- Census Bureau Social Media
 - Facebook page: facebook.com/uscensusbureau
 - Twitter timeline: twitter.com/uscensusbureau
 - 2020 Census landing page: https://2020census.gov/
- In hard to recruit areas:
 - In the local newspaper
 - In the local unemployment office
 - Other social media including e-mail.





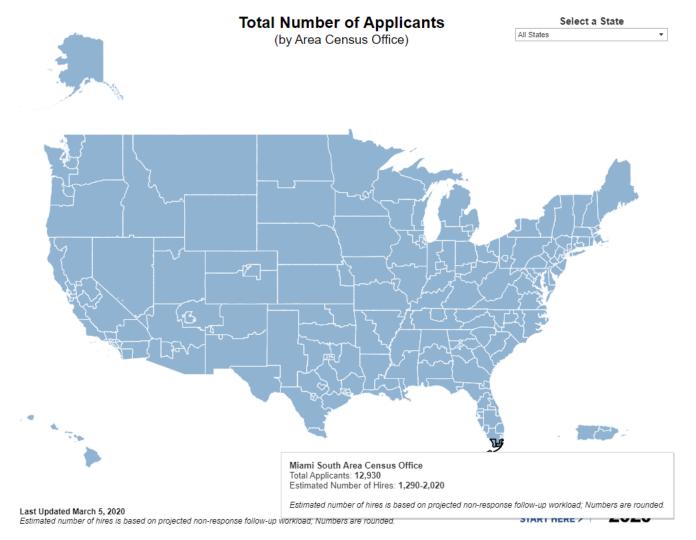


2020 Census Recruitment Toolkit

2020CENSUS.GOV/JOBS



Where Do We Recruit?







2020 Census Reengineering Field Operations

Streamlined Office and Increased Use of **Increased Management Staffing Structure Technology** and Staff Productivity Area Census Automated and Increased visibility into optimized work case status for improved Office Manager assignments workforce management Automated recruiting, Redesigned quality Census Field training, payroll, and assurance operations Managers expense reporting **Improved** Automated applicommunications Census Field cations for address **Supervisors** canvassing and enumeration on mobile devices Listers and **Enumerators**





How Do We Recruit?

- Every year each Regional Offices determines their recruiting needs
- Create a continuous recruiting bulletin for temporary or permanent field staff including clerks for both Internal and External Applicant
- Create one-time recruiting bulletin as needed for temporary or permanent promotions for field staff including Clerks - Internal Only
- Test in areas where staff is needed
- Interview applicants who took and passed the test





How Do We Recruit? (cont.)

Qualify Applicants:

- Reference Check
- Background Check
- Make Offer
- Swear-in
- Data Stewardship Training
- Train new staff



Hiring and Background Checks

When we hire Census Bureau staff, we are mindful of two critical objectives. Most importantly, we want to protect the public's safety and trust. Secondly, we want to give every applicant who is fit to serve a fair opportunity to do so. This decade, we have worked

with legal experts, law enforcement officials, and advocacy leaders to make sure our hiring process for the 2020 Census meets both objectives.

Every applicant selected for a job goes through an independent background check.

- Applicants for temporary census positions apply online and are selected based on their answers to assessment questions and how well they meet the job_requirements.
- Once selected for a position and made a tentative job offer, applicants must get their fingerprints taken for an FBI fingerprint check. This check looks for arrest records.
- Office staff (clerks, recruiting assistants, office operations supervisors) will also go through a background investigation with the Office of Personnel Management. OPM's background investigation verifies education, employment history, residence, etc.

We worked with legal experts, law enforcement officials, and advocacy groups to design a process for resolving issues identified in applicants' background checks. The process is designed to be fair to the applicant and to protect the public.

- Depending on the results of the fingerprint check, we may ask selectees to provide additional information.
- We will notify the selectee if they need to provide more information and will give them 30 days to respond. We will also send them

- reminders throughout the process and notify them once a final determination is made.
- To respond, the selectee will need to provide a final court disposition and an explanation of the circumstances.
- The background check process is timed to allow applicants enough time to resolve any issues before moving on to the next step of the hiring process, such as participating in required job training.

The results of the background investigation determine whether the applicant will continue in the hiring process.

- If an applicant ultimately passes the preemployment checks, they continue through the hiring process and are viewed and treated as any other employee. Census Bureau hiring officials and supervisors do not see the results of the fingerprint check.
- If the applicant does not pass the background investigation, the selectee will be notified that they are no longer eligible for the position.

Shape your future START HERE >

Census 2020

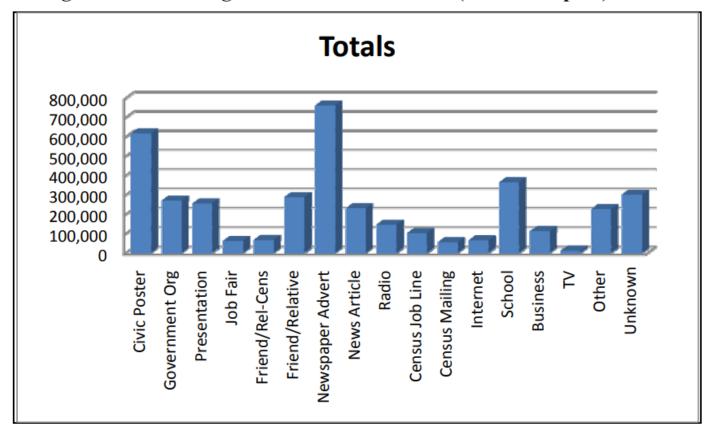
2020CENSUS.GOV





2010 US Census Recruiting Sources

Figure 5: Recruiting Sources National Totals (D-424A Report)







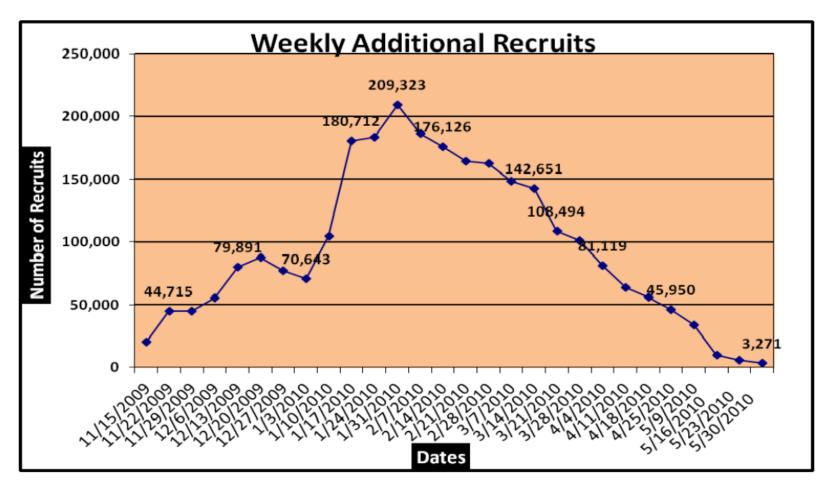
2000 and 2010 US Census Recruitment Data

Metric	2000	2010
Number of Local Census Offices	520	494
Recruiting Goal	3,000,000	3,800,000
Applicants	3,750,000	3,940,000
Qualified Applicants	2,633,000	2,800,000
Planned Hires	864,000	1,200,000
Hires	965,000	857,000





2010 US Census: Recruiting timeline







Training Field Staff and Role of CAPI FR

- Varies based on the survey
- 2-3 days of home studies introducing the bureau, our mission, our structure, training plans, the surveys
- 3-5 days of classroom training
- 1-2 days of on-the-job training (observation with their supervisor (FS))
- 1-2 days of on-the-job training for the next 2-3 months training (observation with a supervisor(FS))
- Monthly supplemental at home studies (a few hours depending on the survey)
- Yearly general performance observations





Field Supervision

- Coordinators supervise
 - SSOs
 - SSFs
 - Automation
 - Admin
 - Survey activities
- SSOs supervise the data collection and perform data analysis (survey specific)
- SSFs supervise all the FSs and human capital in their team for all surveys
- SSOs, SSFs, and FSs perform quality control on the data and FRs
- Automation manages and provide support to our equipment
- Admin oversees all HR and recruiting activities
- FSs supervise FRs by coaching and mentoring
- FRs interview the respondents





UN Guidelines on Human Resource Management

- Number of enumerators required is **high** and the period for which their services are needed is **short**.
- Enumerators are geographically dispersed and should work in their assigned EA.
- Method of recruitment, compensation and discharge/release needs to be quick, simultaneous and transparent
- Requirements:
 - Computer skills
 - FS and FR conversant with languages of the EA
 - Physical fit, able to read maps and communicate.
- Recruit and train sufficient reserves to take care of attrition.





UN Guidelines on Training Program

- Once the cartographic update is in progress and the questionnaire is finalized the single most important element influencing the quality of the census is the training program.
- Field staff (enumerators and their supervisors)
- Higher level supervisors, editors, coders, and computer operators.
- Give all office employees who are working on the census a brief uniform basic training
 - Personnel understand the importance and context of their part in of the task.
 - They can swiftly be deployed in the field for supervision or coordination whenever and wherever needed.





UN Guidelines on Training Program

- The training program should
 - cover each phase of the work
 - consistently equip large numbers of new employees with the necessary skills.
- The training program need to correspond closely to the needs of the various operations
 - Include both theoretical and practical instruction.
- Enumerators and supervisors should be trained as close to the field operations as possible to avoid recall lapses.
 - This leaves very limited time for conducting the training
- Detailed and clear documentation of instructions with appropriate illustrations is a basic requirement.





Questions?

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