

Developments in measuring the burden placed on businesses responding to statistical surveys

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ONS Methodology



Measuring Business Survey Burden Past, Present and Future

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ONS Methodology

Outline

- Context
- Past
- Present
- Future
- Methods
- Modelling
- Plans



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• ONS reports these costs through the "On-Line List of Government Statistical Surveys (OLGSS)"

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- In 2012, the in-depth tri- and quin- reviews were replaced by the Quality, Methods and Harmonisation Tool (QMHT), self-assessment by output managers based on previous reviews and knowledge of statistical changes
- In 2014, ONS established that QMHT was not meeting needs



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- Business surveys required to gather up-todate measures of compliance, in anticipation of changes due to administrative data and electronic data collection (EDC)
- Traditional approach is an additional compliance survey, or additional questions on existing survey

Future

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- Medium term modelling based on core of revised compliance surveys, if correlation issues can be resolved...
- Long term EDC, which also has issues...

Methods

Method		Pros		Cons	
•	PAST Run a small compliance survey	•	Allows all required information to be collected	•	Costs – questionnaires and survey processing expensive Burden – constitutes additional burden on respondents
•	PRESENT Collect time on main survey questionnaire FUTURE Collect information from EDC	•	No additional burden placed on respondents Times do not need to be collected via survey	•	Requirements – no information on external costs Consistency – a voluntary question on a mandatory survey Costs – survey processing expense Requirements/Burden – still need questions on costs
to •	Looking BACK plan the FUTURE? Run a small compliance survey, then model for other surveys	•	Information does not need to be collected for all surveys	•	Costs/Burden – still requires some compliance surveys Requirements/Consistency – need to identify 'similar' surveys & variables correlated with completion time

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Back to the Future (Modelling)



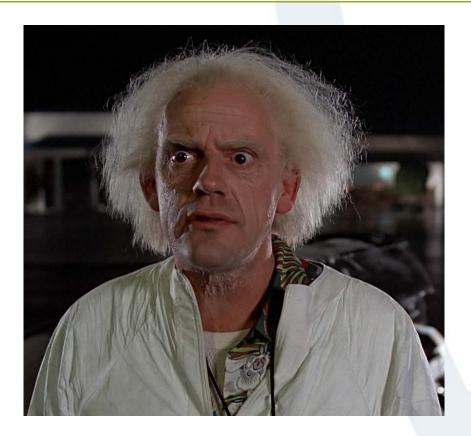
Back to the Future (Modelling)







• Pilot





- Pilot
- Vehicle



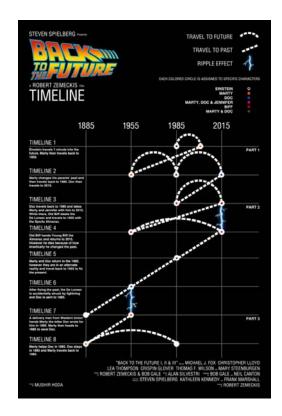


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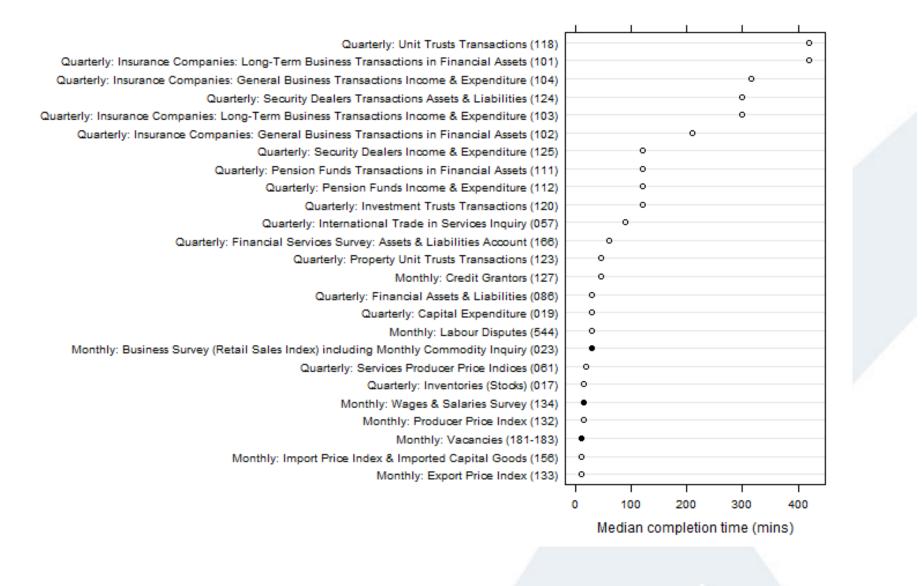
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October – December 2014	Monthly Business Survey (Retail Sales Index)	Monthly Wages and Salaries Survey	Vacancies Survey
Main survey sample size	4,959	9,295	6,030
Review survey sample size	501	773	600
Review sample response rate	41%	71%	47%

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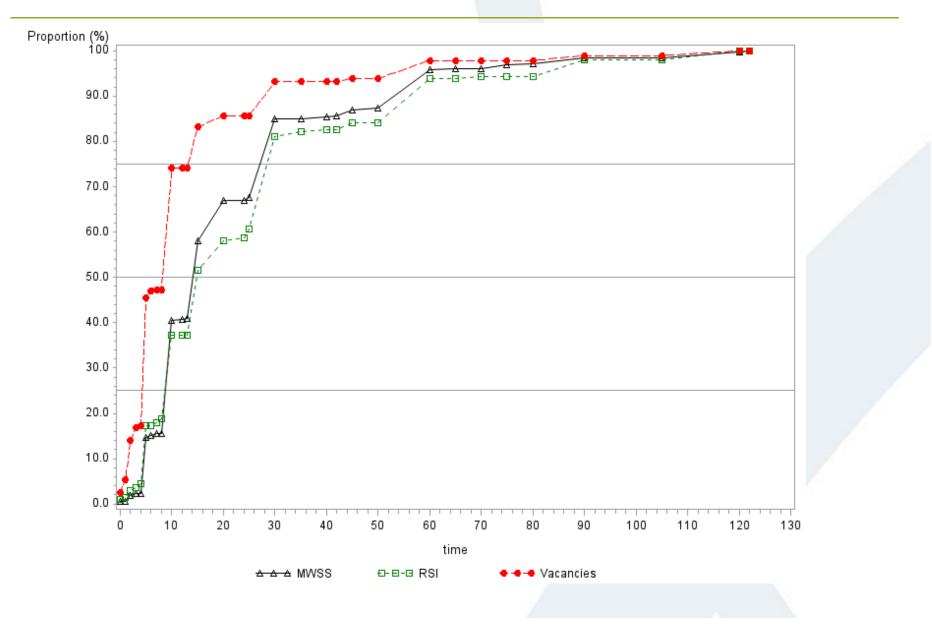
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 - Regression modelling unsuccessful (R² 0.16-0.19)

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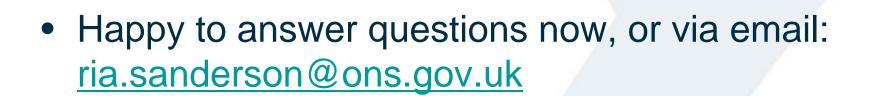
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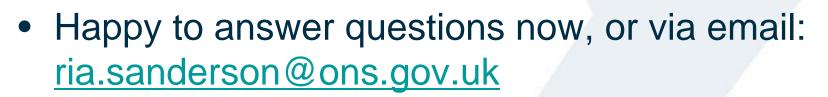
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